#### REYNOLDS HARVESTING

#### HARVEST SUMMARY REPORT

Farm: 0024

Crops: Hay and Wheat

Harvest Date	Field # / Crop	Yield	Package Type	Package Weight	Rained On
06/29	1 / Hay	0.5 ton / acre	Round Bale	0.6 tons	No
08/16	2 / Wheat	30 bushels / acre	Bushel	600 bushels	Yes
10/02	3 / Wheat	80 bushels / acre	Bushel	1600 bushels	No

**Notes:** Field #1 had the most abundant yield. Field #2 was more difficult. It **matured** later than expected. The farmers **reaped** several **bushels** too early. We also experienced an equipment problem during **threshing**. Some of the hay was not properly separated from the **chaff**. Field #3 was more successful. Inspectors discarded nearly a ton of unacceptable material from the **stacks**. Most came out of field #2.



## Get ready!

- 1 Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.
  - 1 When do farmers harvest crops in your country?
  - 2 How do farmers gather crops during harvest?

#### Reading

- Read the harvest summary report. Then, mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).
  - 1 \_\_ The crops all have the same package type.
  - 2 \_\_ None of the crops were rained on.
  - 3 \_ Field #2 produced the smallest amount of wheat.

## Vocabulary

- Read the sentence pair. Choose where the words best fit the blanks.
  - 1 reap / mature

	4.4				
Λ	tha	arane	III)	CIV	months.
$\sim$		CIUUS	11 1	SIA	HIVHUIS.

B Some plants take longer to \_\_\_\_\_

2 chaff / harvest

Λ	The	annual	ic nevi	month

B This machine removes the unusable \_\_\_\_\_

2 tons / bales

A There were many more \_\_\_\_\_ of hay this year.

B How many \_\_\_\_\_ of wheat were harvested?

Write a word that is similar in meaning to the underlined part.

1 This year's <u>quantity of crops produced</u> was twice last year's v = -d

2 Removing unusable parts from wheat makes it edible.

\_h \_ s \_ \_ n \_

3 Instead of gathering the crops in bales, we left them in organized piles. \_\_t a \_ \_ \_

4 When you go to the market, get 2 units of measurement equal to 9.3 Gallons of grain. b \_ s \_ \_ \_ \_

When you place an order, tell them what form of packaging to use. p \_\_\_\_\_ t \_\_\_ Solution in Listen and read the harvest summary report again. What problems did farmers experience with this year's harvest?

#### Listening

- Second to a conversation between two farmers discussing a harvest. Choose the correct answers.
  - 1 How does the man feel about the harvest?

A worried

C confused

B pleased

**D** disappointed

- 2 What can you infer about the farmers' planting method?
  - A It was unsuccessful.
  - B It created a smaller harvest.
  - C It had not been used before.
  - D It involved several types of crops.
- Listen again and complete the conversation.
- Farmer 1: Cathy, what's the 1 \_\_\_\_\_ or the latest corn harvest?
- Farmer 2: Well, we have fifteen tons for immediate sale.
- Farmer 1: Fifteen tons? 1 \_\_\_\_\_ tons did we sell from the last field?
- Farmer 2: Um, let's see. We sold eleven tons from the last field.
- Farmer 1: That's 3 \_\_\_\_\_! Your new 4 \_\_\_\_\_ is working nicely.
- Farmer 2: Yes, it is. We also expect to approve another five tons by Friday.
- Farmer 1: 5 \_\_\_\_\_\_, Cathy. This is our 6 \_\_\_\_\_ harvest ever.

## Speaking

With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

#### **USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:**

We have ... for sale.
We will approve ... by ...
This is our ... harvest

Student A: You are a farmer. Talk to Student B about:

- a crop report
- tons sold
- your opinion of harvest

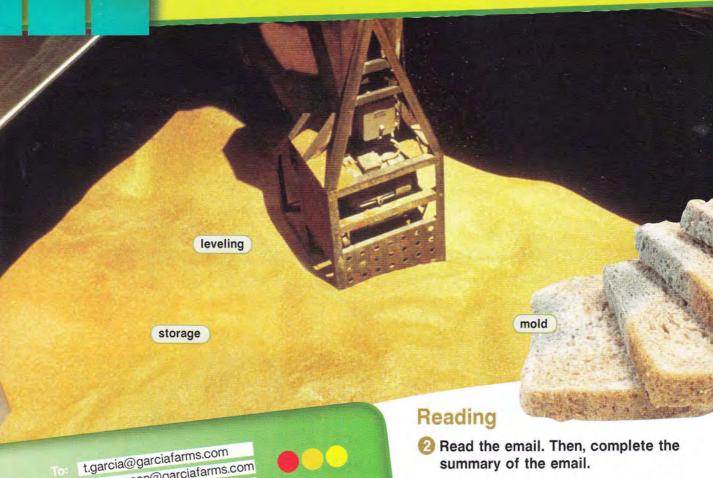
Student B: You are a farmer. Answer Student A's questions.

## Writing

Use the conversation from Task 8 to fill out the crop report.

Date	Crop	Package Type	Package Weight
			/tj
			11/
			W
-			





Mr. Garcia,

Storage Problem

c.thompson@garciafarms.com

We found a problem in bunker silo number 13. Mold is growing near the south opening. I suspect two causes. First, there was improper leveling. Too much moisture gathered at one end. Secondly, the silo has too much ventilation. It can't dry and cool the silage.

As a result, most of the silage is destroyed. The rest is in silage bags for now. Number 13 is closed until we remove the mold. Should we use one of the tower silos for storage in the meantime? We should also discuss how to fix number 13. I don't want this to happen again.

Carla Thompson, Storage Manager Thank you,

#### Get ready!

- Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.
  - 1 How do farmers store crops in your country?
  - 2 How can stored crops be damaged?

Read the email. Then, complete the summary of the email.

Workers discovered mold in	1
13. There were two causes	: improper 2
and too much 3	. Most of the silage wa
destroyed. The rest is in 4	bags. Th
workers might store silage i	n the <b>5</b> silo

#### Vocabulary

- Read the sentence pair. Choose where the words best fit the blanks.
  - 1 cool / dry

A		the	grain	or	the	heat	will	rı
	it.							

- B After the harvest, \_\_\_\_\_ the wet crops.
- 2 storage / mold
  - A Nancy is worried about getting \_\_\_ in her silo.
  - B Jim sold some of the grain and put the res
- 3 silage bag / ventilation
  - A There's a problem with the silo; use a
  - B Don's storage facilities have excellent

Match the words (1-4) with the definitions (A-D).

1 \_\_leveling

3 \_ tower silo

2 \_ moisture

4 \_ bunker silo

A flattening the top of a pile

B a long trench used to store grain

C wetness

D a tall storage facility

 📦 Listen and read the email again. Why is Carla Thompson contacting Mr. Garcia?

#### Listening

- Section 1 in the contract of the contract o farm owner and a storage manager. Mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).
  - 1 \_ A machine improperly leveled the grain.
  - 2 \_ The new assistant will receive more training.
  - 3 \_ Workers will use silage bags until the ventilation works.

🗿 🖟 Listen again and complete the conversation.

Manager: Mr. Garcia, did you get my email

about the bunker silo?

Owner: I did. How bad is it?

Manager: It's pretty bad. There's mold

Owner: How did this happen?

Manager: It was our 2 \_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_. He wasn't

trained on 3 \_\_\_\_\_.

Owner: Well, 4 \_\_\_\_\_ he gets trained.

Wanager: Of course. We're also

checking the 5\_

system. There's too much air

moving in there.

Owner: Use the 6\_

\_\_\_\_\_ until you fix it. And

keep me updated.

## Speaking

With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

#### **USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:**

How bad is it?

How did this happen?

Use the ... until ...

Student A: You are a farm owner. Talk to Student B about:

- mold in a silo
- causes
- storage

Student B: You are a storage manager. Answer Student A's questions.

## Writing

Use the conversation from Task 8 and the email to fill out the storage manager's message to farm workers.



# ATTENTION

Bunker silo 13 \_\_\_\_\_\_.

This was caused by \_\_\_\_\_

Use \_\_\_\_\_ until it is fixed.

There is training on \_\_\_\_

for all new employees this week.

# Feed and nutrients



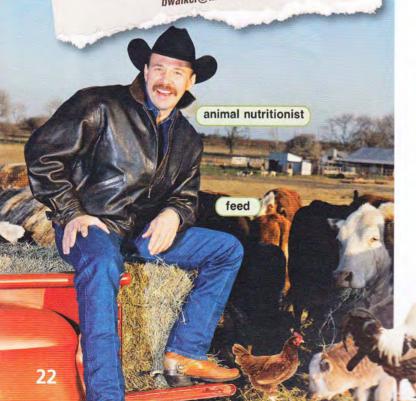
Employer: Hillford Poultry Farm Location: Lancaster, PA

Job Description: Prepare feed formula for fifteen varieties of chicken. Research and select low-cost ingredients with high nutrient content. Balance carbohydrate, fat, protein, vitamin, and mineral content in daily rations. Adjust feed formula as needed.

Job Qualifications: Masters Degree or higher in animal nutrition. Minimum of two years' experience, preferably

Salary: Based on experience, generous benefit on a poultry farm.

package available. Contact Information: Brian Walker (610) 555-5905 bwalker@hillford.com



# Get ready!

- 1 Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.
  - 1 What types of food do farm animals eat?
  - 2 How does feed affect animals' growth?

# Reading

- Read the job posting. Then, mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).
  - 1 \_ Hillford Farms has fifteen varieties of chicken.
  - 2 \_ The Hillford Farms daily ration includes fats.
  - 3 \_ Applicants need a degree in poultry management.

## Vocabulary

- Match the words (1-5) with the definitions (A-E).
  - 1 \_ nutrient
- 4 \_ animal nutritionist
- 2 \_ feed
- 5 \_ vitamin
- 3 \_ poultry
- A an organic substance found in food that is essential for good health
- B food given to animals
- C a person who makes healthy food for animals
- D any organic or inorganic substance that provides nourishment
- E domesticated birds such as chickens and turkeys
- Write a word that is similar in meaning to the underlined part.
  - 1 Henry increased the daily amount of food.
    - r\_\_\_\_n
  - 2 Inorganic substances like potassium are essential for good health.
    - \_i\_\_ra\_\_
  - 3 Besides sleep and shelter, the process of nourishing an organism is the most important thing that every organism needs.
    - \_u\_r\_t\_\_\_
  - Animals need a sufficient amount of substances used to make energy in their diet. ca\_\_\_\_te\_



She Listen and read the job posting again. What will be the main duties of the animal nutritionist?

#### Listening

- Conversation between an interviewer and a job applicant. Choose the correct answers.
  - 1 What does the applicant make at AGM Industries?
    - A low-fat chicken feed
    - B high-protein pig feed
    - C low-carbohydrate pig feed
    - D high-carbohydrate chicken feed
  - 2 What requirement does the applicant meet?
    - A He has one year of experience.
    - B He has worked with chickens.
    - C He has created special feeds.
    - D He has worked for Hillford Farms.
- Listen again and complete the conversation.

interviewer:	Terry Riley.
lob applicant:	1
	you, Miss Riley.
Interviewer:	Nice to meet you too. Please,
	and we'll get started.
lob applicant:	Thank you. Did you get my resume?
Interviewer:	Yes, I did. It looks very good. 3
	your work at AGM Industries.
lob applicant:	Well, I work at their 4
	I create special
	formulas for high-protein feed.
Interviewer:	Interesting. Now, applicants must have experience with
	5 Have you ever worked with 6?
lob applicant:	Yes, in my previous job. It was at Reynolds Farms.

## Speaking

With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

#### **USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:**

Nice to meet you.

Tell me about ...

Have you ever worked with ...

Student A: You are interviewing a job applicant. Talk to Student B about:

- resume
- current job
- experience

**Student B:** You are interviewing for a job. Answer Student A's questions.

#### Writing

Use the conversation from Task 8 and the job posting to fill out the applicant's resume.

Name:
Position applying for:
Current Position:
Responsibilities:
Former Position:
Responsibilities:





# PROPER ANIMAL HOUSING METHODS

May 1, 2011

by Ben Keller

Here are some tips for how to properly house animals. I will use my hog barn as an example. The ideas apply to coops and pens as well. Animals with proper housing are in their comfort zones. They are healthier and more productive than animals with poor housing.

First, make sure the enclosure matches the space requirements of the animal. You also need to know the animals' critical temperatures. Install automated heating and cooling to prevent heat stress and cold stress. Don't forget to have a good waste management system. Slotted floors provide a simple way to keep your animal's living space clean.

## Get ready!

- Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.
  - 1 How are animals housed in your country?
  - 2 How do workers maintain animal housing structures?

#### Reading

- Read the page from a farming blog. Then, mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).
  - 1 \_ The author raises poultry.
  - 2 \_ Housing affects animals' productivity.
  - 3 \_ Slotted floors prevent heat stress.

# Vocabulary

coop

- Read the sentence pair. Choose where the words best fit the blanks.
  - 1 coop / cold stress
    - A The chickens live in a separate
    - B Install a heater to prevent \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 heat stress / pen
    - A During the summer, \_\_\_\_\_ is a problem.
    - B Pigs do best if they are kept in their own
  - 3 slotted floor / waste management
    - A \_\_\_\_\_ is essential for odor control
    - B A \_\_\_\_\_ helps air to circulate.

	the words (1-4) with the definitions
(A-D).	
1 _	barn
2 _	comfort zone
3 _	critical temperature
4 _	space requirement
A cor	nditions under which an animal is comfortable
Bas	tructure used to house animals
C the	amount of space that an animal needs
	emperature that must be maintained
blog a	sten and read the page from a farming again. Apart from proper housing, what to animals require to be productive?
isten	ing
farme	sten to a conversation between two rs discussing animal housing. Place ck (✓) next to reasons they need a parn.
1 0	They will have more animals.
2 🖵	The barn gets too cold in winter.
3 🔲	The barn has poor ventilation.
4 🗆	They want to add slotted floors.
5 🔲	The barn doesn't meet space requirements.
	sten again and complete the ersation.
armer 1:	I think we need a new barn.
armer 2:	What's wrong with this one?
armer 1:	First, the 1 isn't very good.
armer 2:	I agree with you there. It's 2
	in here during the 3
	MATERIAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND
armer 1:	And don't forget, we're getting 4 in
	May.
armer 2:	That's a 5 We'll
	need more space then.
armer 1:	I'll talk with a builder tomorrow.
armer 2:	Let's estimate the 6
	first.

# **Speaking**

(3) With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

#### **USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:**

I think we need a new barn.
I agree with you there.
We'll need more space.

Student A: You are a farmer. You want a new barn. Talk to Student B about:

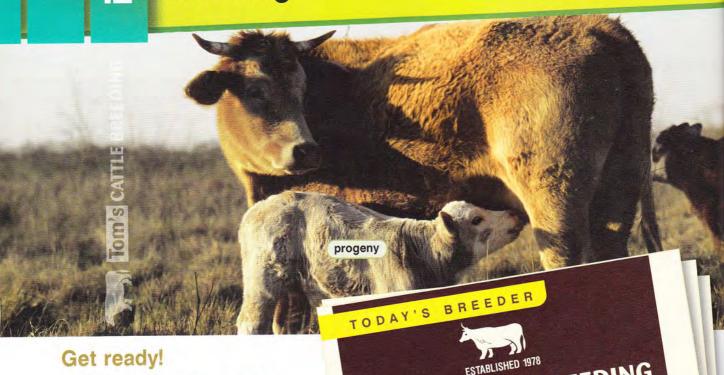
- a new barn
- temperature
- · animals and space

Student B: You work with Student A on a farm. Answer Student A's questions.

# Writing

Use the conversation from Task 8 to fill out the farmers' letter to a builder.

Our current barn  And we are getting  The barn won't meet  We need the new barn  It should be able to house		
We need  Our current barn  And we are getting  The barn won't meet  We need the new barn  It should be able to house	laynes,	Dear Mr. Hayr
And we are getting  The barn won't meet  We need the new barn  It should be able to house		We need
The barn won't meet  We need the new barn  It should be able to house	nt barn	Our current b
We need the new barn  It should be able to house	re getting	And we are g
It should be able to house	won't meet	The barn won
	the new barn	We need the
How much	be able to house	It should be a
AZZULTANA	1	How much _
Thanks,		Thanks,



- Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.
  - 1 What traits do farmers want in different animals?
  - 2 How often do different animals breed?

# Reading

- Read the notice. Then, mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).
  - 1 \_ The company sells high quality bulls.
  - 2 \_\_ The company helps customers select desirable traits.
  - 3 The computer print out details the breeding value of the steers.

# Vocabulary

6 Fill in the blanks with the correct words and phrases from the word bank.



breeding value progeny rate of gain heritability

- 1 Healthy breeders usually produce healthy
- 2 Laura's breeding bulls have high \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 This year's calves have a lower \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Each trait has a different degree of



We have twenty Black Angus bulls available for breeding. Each bull has a detailed sire summary and complete pedigree. All are of high breeding and complete pedigree. All are of high breeding value. Schedule an appointment to discuss your needs. We will help you with trait selection. We are needs. We will help you with trait selection. We are needs. We will help you with trait selection. We are needs. We will help you with trait selection. We are needs needs accurate in predicting heritability of most traits. To you want a high rate of gain? Do you need not need needs. You get a strong musculature? Consider our bulls. You get a computer print out of the expected progeny computer print out of the expected information difference (EPD). We can also provide information about each bull's progeny. Call us today!

- Match the words (1-5) with the definitions (A-E).
  - 1 \_ breeding

4 \_ EPD

2 \_ pedigree

5 \_ sire summary

- 3 \_\_ trait selection
- A a line of ancestors
- B the act of mating animals
- C a rating of the likelihood that a trait will be inherited
- D a list of predictions about the passage of trait
- E the act of breeding to achieve specific traits

Solution Listen and read the notice again. What does the cattle breeding service claim that it can predict?

#### Listening

- Second to be breeder and a client. Choose the correct answers.
  - 1 What trait does the client want the offspring to have?
    - A strong muscles
    - B high rate of gain
    - C higher milk production
    - D increased heritability
  - 2 What does the client ask the breeder to provide?
    - A an EPD
    - B a pedigree
    - C a discount
    - D a sire summary
- Listen again and complete the conversation.

Breeder: Here are pictures of all of our bulls.

What traits do you want in the

offspring?

Client: Well, I have a dairy herd. So I'd like to

increase 1\_\_\_\_\_.

Many of his progeny are prize milk cows.

Client: Really! Can I see his 3\_\_\_\_\_?

Breeder: 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . I'll get you a

сору.

Client: How much do you charge for breeding?

Breeder: 5 \_\_\_\_\_\_ . I give a

discount for more than twenty cows.

Client: I see. That's 6 \_\_\_\_\_

than I need.

#### Speaking

With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

#### **USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:**

What traits do you want? I'd like to increase ...

How much do you charge for breeding?

Student A: You are a cattle breeder. Talk to Student B about:

- traits
- progeny
- discounts

**Student B:** You want to breed your cattle. Answer Student A's questions.

# Writing

Use the conversation from Task 8 to fill out the order with the breeder.

Tom's CA	TTLE BREEDING
	Order 138
Customer name:	
Type of farm:	
Traits desired:	
Paperwork requested:	
Number of cows:	
Discount? Y / N	